BPR ETHICS WORKSHOP

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- November 3, 2023
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TOPICS

1. Fees – Clear Communication/ABA

2. Duties to Potential Clients

3. Rules on Represented Parties Protect Clients

New ABA Ethics Opinion 505

Would Require Drastic Change for Many Practitioners

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION STANDING COMMITTEE ON ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY Formal Opinion 505 May 3, 2023

Fees Paid in Advance for Contemplated Services

Under the Model Rules of Professional Conduct, a fee paid to a lawyer in advance for services to be rendered in the future must be placed in a client trust account and may be withdrawn only as earned by the performance of the contemplated services. This protects client funds and promotes client access to legal services in the event the representation terminates before all contemplated services have been rendered. All fees must be reasonable, and unearned fees must be returned to the client. Therefore, it is not accurate to label a fee "nonrefundable" before it actually has been earned, and labels do not dictate whether a fee has been earned.

This opinion examines a lawyer's obligations under the ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct with respect to fees paid in advance for legal work to be performed by the lawyer in the future.1 In particular, this opinion seeks to clarify the proper handling and disposition of fees paid in advance for legal work to be performed in the future, including where the lawyer must deposit and maintain the funds and when the lawyer may treat them as earned. The opinion also explains when a lawyer must refund all or a portion of fees paid in advance and discusses whether such a payment may be, or can even be labeled, "nonrefundable." The answers are derived from the application of several Model Rules, including: 1.5(a), 1.5(b), 1.15(a), 1.15(c), 1.15(d), and 1.16(d).

Fees for services may be paid after completion of the services, of course. However, for certain matters, many lawyers request or require that funds in a certain amount be paid to the lawyer at the outset of the representation to secure payment for the lawyer's later work. Under the Model Rules such fees must be placed in a Rule 1.15-compliant trust account, to be disbursed to the lawyer only after the fee has been earned. This is to protect the client from the risk that the lawyer may not be able to refund the prepaid fee in the event the representation terminates before the contemplated work is completed. The Model Rules protect the lawyer from the risk of nonpayment by allowing advance fees to be received and protect the client by requiring that the funds are kept safe and separate from the funds of the lawyer or firm.

ABA Discusses Terminology

- "advance fee," an "advanced fee," an "advance fee payment," an "advance fee deposit," a "fee advance," or simply an "advance." Advances are also sometimes called "special retainers," "security retainers," or simply "prepaid fees."
- Retainer; general retainer
- If a flat or fixed fee is paid by the client in advance of the lawyer performing the legal work, the fees are an advance. Use of the term "flat fee" or "fixed fee" does not transform the arrangement into a fee that is "earned when paid." "Flat" or "fixed" does not even mean that the fee must be paid at the commencement of the representation, although most lawyers who do not have an existing relationship with a client may want to ensure payment and may, therefore, ask for the fee to be paid in advance before committing to the representation. If they do, as will be emphasized below, then that fee must be placed in a Rule 1.15-compliant trust account, to be disbursed to the lawyer only after the fee has been earned.
- The Model Rules of Professional Conduct do not allow a lawyer to sidestep the ethical obligation to safeguard client funds with an act of legerdemain: characterizing an advance as "nonrefundable" and/or "earned upon receipt."

ABA INSULTS TENNESSEE RULE

Some jurisdictions have authorized lawyers to treat advances as the lawyer's property upon payment, so long as the client signs a fee agreement designating the sum as "nonrefundable" or "earned on receipt" or some other variation on this theme.23 This approach departs from the safekeeping policy of the Model Rules described herein and creates unnecessary risks for the client.

As a practical matter it may be somewhat more difficult to determine what has been earned and what is unearned when a representation ends before completion of the contemplated services when the client pays a flat or fixed fee instead of an hourly rate. However, courts routinely apportion the services completed and sum earned when a representation terminates before a lawyer has completed all of the contemplated work.

ABA "Hypothetical"

Hypothetical 3 (Flat Fee)

A client seeks to hire a lawyer for representation in a criminal matter. The fee agreement provides: "Client shall pay Lawyer the sum of \$15,000 for representation in the matter of State v Client, and that no part of the flat fee shall be refunded for any reason. Client understands that the flat fee is the agreed upon amount due Lawyer regardless of the time expended on the matter or how it is resolved." Client signed the agreement and paid the full \$15,000. Lawyer deposited the \$15,000 into his firm's operating account. Lawyer reviewed the police report, left a message for the prosecutor and law enforcement officer, appeared on behalf of the defendant at the arraignment, and filed an appearance with the court. A few weeks after the arraignment, Client discharged Lawyer and requested an accounting and partial refund. Lawyer refused, stating that the flat fee was earned when it was paid.

As we noted above, flat fees paid in advance of performing the work are subject to Rule 1.15(c) and the other rules set forth in the analyses in Hypotheticals 1 and 2. In other words, the foregoing rules regarding safekeeping, refundability, and reasonableness apply.

Flat fees are not general retainers and must not be treated as such. That the price set for the representation is not based on hours worked but is instead based on the completion of certain described services does not mean that the fee must be considered earned on receipt or nonrefundable when there is work yet to be done. Of course, if the flat fee is paid *after* the work is completed, the funds are earned and are not deposited into the trust account.

CONCLUSION

 ABA Basically Says All Representation Has to Be Hourly

THE REAL RULE

Tennessee RPC 1.5(f) specifically acknowledges "nonrefundable" fees

Commentary [4]: "The obligation to return any portion of a fee does not apply, however, if the lawyer charges a reasonable nonrefundable fee."

MUST BE REASONABLE

Comment [4a]

No contingent fees in criminal cases.

RPC 1.5(d)(2)

Reasonable Fees?

08/28/2022 Nathanial P. Graham	12.50	4,062.50	review repository as requested by A. Goodman. Saved correspondence; handled print requests; updated witness files; updated production logs; eite checked draft opposition; compiled
121 of 158a			binder materials; per associate team. Coverage, per C. Lee.
121011501	4.50	1,462.50	
(all the state of	4.25	1,381.25	Witness files
08/28/2022 Andrew J. Alstodt	8.50	2,762.50	Discovery Folder updates, P&C QC Project, Docket Review,
08/28/2022 Demirkan Coker	8.00	2,600.00	
08/28/2022 Carolyn T. Vaca	7.50	2,437.50	
08/28/2022 Chastine E.C. Schmidt	9.10	5,915.00	Production review
08/29/2022 William D. Savitt	14.00	25,900.00	Kobre: defensive deposition sheets: offensive deposition strategy matters; amendment; response re same; letter re same; production review: Egon
08/29/2022 Benjamin M. Roth	6.00	9,900.00	
08/29/2022 Sarah K. Eddy	15.50	24,800.00	prep for Corey Faibish; team & client mtgs & calls; travel to TO
08/29/2022 Bradley R. Wilson	14.70	23,520.00	

Complaint Exhibit

Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Twitter, Inc. - Litigation Preparation Time Detail

Thru 8/31/2022

Date Name Amount Description 24,705.00 revise motion for protective order; team meetings; prepare for depositions; travel to CA 13,500.00 legal research/brief drafting/discovery review 08/29/2022 Ryan A. McLeod

08/29/2022 Anitha Reddy	9.00	13,500.00	legal research/brief drafting/discovery review
08/29/2022 Noah B. Yavitz	12.80	16,960.00	various litigation workstreams
08/29/2022 Leo E. Strine, Jr.	2.00	4,000.00	Communications regarding expert report; potential new issues in ease.
08/29/2022 Adam M. Gogolak	15.00	21,000.00	
08/29/2022 Claudia T. Morgan	13.14	14,454.00	eDiscovery communications and coordination
08/29/2022 Adam L. Goodman	20.00	25,000.00	
08/29/2022 David E. Kirk	15.40	18,095.00	
OULD EVEL DAVIG E. RIIK	15.40	10,000	meetings re defendants' productions, meet and confers, review new
08/29/2022 Nathaniel D. Cullerton	14.80	10 500 00	filings
		18,500.00	Defensive discovery; motion practice.
08/29/2022 David P.T. Webb	13.68	14,022.00	
08/29/2022 Remy K. Grosbard	16.50		Conti binder, reviewing does
08/29/2022 Zachary M. David	13.50	12,487.50	Zatko materials review legal research, drafted opposition to motion for leave to amend
08/29/2022 Simon J. Williams	12.20	11,285.00	Research on debt financing; team meeting; defensive deposition prep and document review (Durban)
08/29/2022 Alexandra P. Sadinsky	14.50	17,037.50	
08/29/2022 Akua F. Abu	12.00	8,700.00	defensive discovery doc review (slacks) Twitter team meeting
08/29/2022 Brittany A. Fish	18.00	14 850 00	Emmy prep; depo team meeting; full team meeting; client call; travel to
OW LW LUZZ Drinking FC 1150	10.00	14,000,00	Toronto; team correspondence
08/29/2022 Jessica L. Allen	1.75	1.268.75	Team meetings
08/29/2022 Jessica L. Allen	8.00		Doc review
08/29/2022 Donald J. Butterworth	5.25	3,806.25	
			relevant to same. Revise working matter chronology. Review client-provided materials as relevant to compliance with discovery orders. Call with client re same. Review and revise draft brief.
08/29/2022 Charles M. Melman	16.21	11,752.25	
08/29/2022 Adebola O.M. Olofin	14.10	14,452.50	
08/29/2022 Yarek M. Smagowski	13.20	6,600.00	
08/29/2022 Canem Ozyildirim	16.50	15,262.50	
08/29/2022 Adabelle U. Ekechuky	9.00	8,325.00	Document review for defensive production.
08/29/2022 Robinson C. Strauss	9.50	4,037,50	
08/29/2022 Juan Rojas	2.60	1,040.00	Process incoming document production and load to e-discovery
08/29/2022 Juan Rojas	1.35	540.00	
08/29/2022 Kyaik P. Tan	0.50	175.00	documents of interest per Remy Grosbard request loaded incoming production .
08/29/2022 Ryank F. Tan 08/29/2022 Richard Y. Lam	0.50	237.50	
08/29/2022 Richard Y. Lam	0.50	237.50	Check permissions on Relativity database nosted by Lighthouse to see if batching permissions are granted to ALS users, attend conference call with ease team and vendor to discuss ongoing document review and production.
08/29/2022 See Min	1.00	350.00	Loaded third party productions into Relativity for case team review as per Sadinsky, Alexandra P.
08/29/2022 Shera Goldman	0.10	30.00	Obmascik, M - obtain article

150.00 Ledwig, J - obtain court does

Complaint Exhibit

Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz

08/29/2022 Shera Goldman

0.50

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Reasonable Big Firm Fees

08/29/2022 Adam M. Gogolak	15.00	21,000.00	
08/29/2022 Claudia T. Morgan	13.14	14,454.00	eDiscovery communications and coordination
08/29/2022 Adam L. Goodman	20.00	25,000.00	attention to discovery
08/29/2022 David E. Kirk	15.40	18,095.00	Offensive discovery, deposition prep, document review, cal meetings re defendants' productions, meet and confers, revi
	CHILLION .	KANESZED	filings

Put It In Writing

RPC 1.5(f) A fee that is nonrefundable in whole or in part shall be agreed to in writing, signed by the client, that explains the intent of the parties as to the nature and amount of the nonrefundable fee.

This is not difficult!

Does not have to be fancy

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Name & Contact Information

RE: REPRESENTATION AGREEMENT

State of Tennessee v.

Knox County General Sessions Court No.:

Dear

We want to thank you for the opportunity to represent you in the above-referenced matter in the Knox County General Sessions Court. This letter confirms the agreement that has been reached regarding the non-refundable retainer in your case and our obligation to you in the course of the representation.

The amount of the initial non-refundable retainer agreed upon is

considered earned when paid. By your signature on this agreement, you are acknowledging the the non refundable nature of the retainer. An expense deposit of

Dollars was also agreed upon and will be placed in our trust account. Unlike the non-refundable retainer, any remaining balance from the trust account will be refunded to you, assuming you do not owe the firm for fees or for other matters. The firm will record time pertaining to your representation at our currently hourly rates between \$ to \$ for attorneys, \$ per hour for paralegals and \$ per hour for law clerks and firm investigators. If the time expended exceeds the initial retainer, we will bill you on an hourly basis through the conclusion of the General Sessions Court proceedings. It is understood that if this case proceeds to criminal court, an additional representation agreement will be required.

The amount of the retainer is based upon several factors: (1) the nature and gravity of the offense charged; (2) the complexity of the case; (3) the commitment of the firm to take the case, thus being available to represent you and precluding our acceptance of other employment; (4) the firm's best estimate of the amount of time which will be expended to represent you; and (5) the experience, reputation and ability of the attorney(s) performing services for you in this matter.

The representation of persons in matters of this nature involves a level of commitment beyond that of most other areas of the practice of law, in that it involves issues of liberty and the potential of a criminal record. While this firm cannot and does not assure a favorable result in handling this matter, we always commit ourselves to render our best efforts at effective and zealous representation. The amount of the retainer established in your case also reflects that commitment.

It is the responsibility of our clients to pay for the normal expenses incurred in the course of our representation, such as copying expenses, postage expenses, court reporter fees, travel expenses, computerized research services, et cetera. By mutual agreement, expenses incurred will be billed against the expense deposit you make with the firm. If there are any expenses of a substantial nature, the firm will consult with you prior to incurring those expenses.

Recognizing that storage of closed files is cumbersome and expensive, you and the firm acknowledge that you may take possession of your physical file at the conclusion of the representation,

Name Date Page2

and that the firm may beforehand make and retain electronic or physical copies of some or all of the contents of the file. If you do not take possession of the file within one year of the conclusion of the representation, you hereby authorize the firm, in the exercise of its discretion, to destroy your file and any physical or electronic copies at any time.

This letter represents the full agreement between you and the firm in this matter. If you have any question or disagreement with this letter, please contact us immediately. Otherwise, please sign the original in the space provided below and return it to the firm.

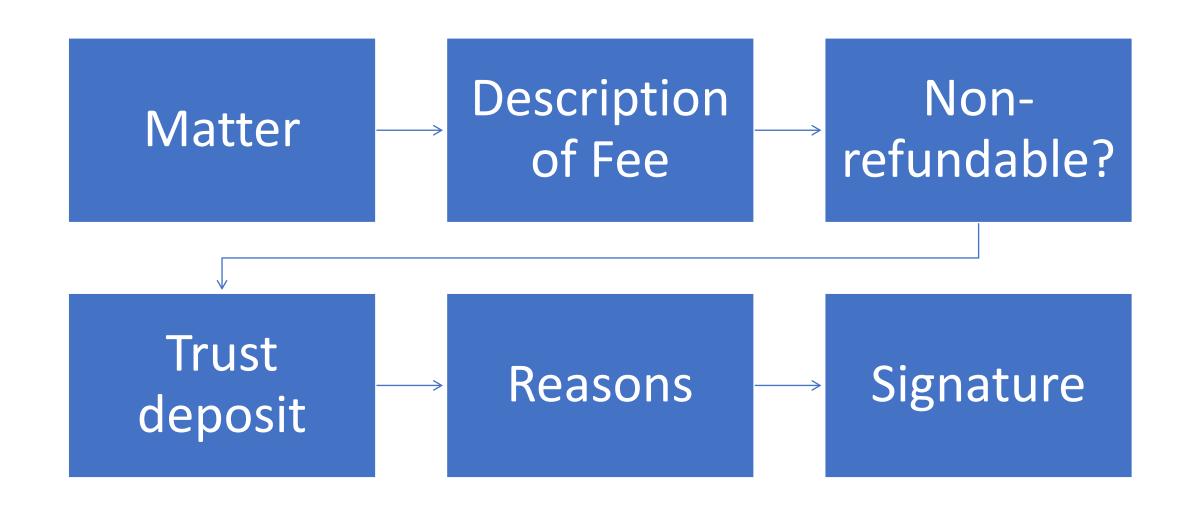
Sincerely yours,

I have read the representation agreement and understand it to be the full agreement regarding fees and expenses in this case.

...

Name

Content



TENNESSEE ATTORNEY'S TRUST ACCOUNT HANDBOOK

ISSUED BY:

Board of Professional Responsibility of the Supreme Court of Tennessee 10 Cadillac Drive, Suite 220 Brentwood, Tennessee 37027 (615) 361-7500 (615) 367-2480 fax

New Clients

Represented Party Rule

Responsibilities to Potential Clients

Represented Parties

Rule 4.2 only prohibits, in representation of a *client*, communicating with someone *else* who is represented by counsel in the matter

- Rule 4.2 doesn't protect lawyers it protects clients. Clients aren't property
- Doesn't prevent second opinion
- Could be reasons client does not want current lawyer notified
- Professional courtesy and ethics might differ
- Duty of confidentiality could prohibit disclosure

Duties to Potential Clients

Conflicts?

RPC 1.8 Specific to Prospective Client

Rule 1.18 only prohibits representation of a client "with interests materially adverse . . . in the same or a substantially related matter."

If you received info"that could be significantly harmful to the prospective client in the matter."

Informed consent